# Rallye through the OZEANEUM







b) Why?

#### Exhibition "The World Ocean"

(Use the escalator to get to the starting point.)

1. Stay at the gallery outside the exhibition and enjoy the view out of the window. What is the distance from here to St. Petersburg? Please check the correct answer. 7.333 km 1.216 km 1.162 m 221 km 2. Look at the relief globe. a) Our globe seems to be a little bit confused. In which direction is it turning? What do you think? to the left to the right b) Describe the seabed of our oceans: c) Try to find our location Stralsund on the globe. How deep is the Baltic Sea compared to the open oceans? 3. Look for the show case with the auks. It is called "Birds of the north". a) Do they look familiar to you? Of which birds do they remind you?



## Exhibition "The Baltic"



(Go downstairs at the end of the exhibition "The World Ocean".)

4.	At the <u>relief table</u> you can see the seabed of the Baltic Sea.  (This table is triangular and has little push buttons.)								
a)	What is the name of the deepest point of the Baltic Sea?  A O P								
b)	Find out how deep it is exactly at that point meters								
<b>5</b> .	Which whale can be found in the Baltic Sea? Please check the correct answer!								
	airport porpoise orca harbour porpoise								
	Stop below the <u>cloud of plankton</u> in the centre of the exhibition.  Which creatures can you spot in the cloud?								
b)	What is the ecological significance of plankton?								
	"Baltic Sea Aquarium" (Go through the exhibition.)								
	All the tanks are showing different ecosystems of the Baltic Sea. The underwater tour starts in the harbour of Stralsund und will guide you to the North Sea.								
7.	In the tank "Stralsund Harbour" a lot of where does all this rubbish can be found. What can you see? rubbish come from?								
8.	Look for the tank "Estuary" to solve the riddle: "I am the oldest inhabitant of the OZEANEUM. I am a light-coloured, big fish. Instead of scales, I "wear" bone plates on my skin. Who am I?"								
9.	Another riddle for the Baltic Sea Aquaria in the tank "Kattegat": "I am a colourful fish and sometimes on a visit in the Baltic Sea. Our females are orange with a black and white colouring at the back. Males are blue. We all hatch as females. If there are not many males around, the strongest female changes into a male fish and changes its colour to blue. Who am I?"								



#### Exhibition "Exploration and Utilisation of the Seas"



10. Leave the Baltic Sea Aquarium and go straight. In the exhibition "Exploration and Utilisation of the Seas" you can try on historical diving helmets!

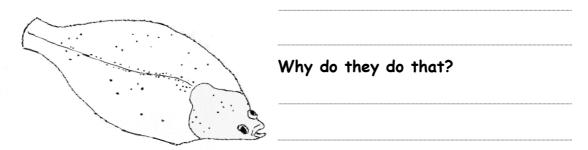
Tip: Go in the middle of the exhibition and experience a dive trip to the deep sea in the manned submarine JAGO!



#### "North Sea Aquarium"

11. Find the flatfish inside the <u>"Wadden Sea"-tank</u>. Sketch in the fins!

How do they camouflage?



12. In the <u>tunnel tank</u> you see the underwater fauna of the German rock island Heligoland. Many popular food fish species live here. Have a closer look and try to distinguish the different species. Check which of the following fish can be seen in the tank:

Saithe	Atlantic Cod	☐ Angler
Atlantic Salmon	Trouts	Atlantic halibut
Pollack	Pike	☐ Ling

13. Go to the tank "Open Atlantic": Why do some fish live in schools?

14. Another riddle for the North Sea Aquaria:

"I am quite a flat fish, but I am no flatfish! My fins are grown together and it looks like I am flying through the water. Some people call me "face of an angel". But look at me in detail: My eyes are on the upper side of my body, my mouth is below. Who am I?"



### "The Children's Sea"



(Use the stairs at the left side oft the tank  $\underline{\,\,\,\,\,\,\,}$  Open Atlantic". Turn right at the top.)

15.	Observe the penguins at the <u>roof terrace</u> and check the correct answers:										
	a) With their fins penguins can										
			fly	,		swim		wave			
		b)	Penguir	ns have							
			a le	ot of feat	hers 🗌	round scales		a thick coat			
	Exhibitio	n "1	:1 <b>G</b> io	ints of	the S	eas"					
	(Go back through the Children's Sea.)										
16.	"1:1" stands for the scale. It means that the animals in this exhibition are shown in their natural sizes.										
a)	Which whal	es are	e shown	life-sized	ł?						
	1)			3	)						
	2)			4	)						
L	Which other enimals can you are in their matural since						,				
D)	Which other animals can you see in their natural sizes:  1)  3)										
	1)										
	2)			4	)						
17.	7. Which kind of sound can you hear in the exhibition?										
	farting	herrir	ngs	Sir	nging wh	ales [	rin	ging mobiles			
18.	Giant squids How many o		•		•	have eight ar them!	ms.				

Well done!